

## ACTIONS

<b>1. Policy &amp; Legislation</b>	<b>Lead</b>	<b>Partners</b>	<b>2002</b>	<b>2003</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>Meets Objective</b>
1.1. Support the listing of capercaillie in Schedule 1 Part 1 of the Wildlife and Countryside Act.	CSBG&CG	Organisations supporting this measure.	*				1, 3
<b>2. Site and Species Safeguard &amp; Management</b>							
2.1. Provide advice to foresters, landowners and advisory staff on appropriate management.	SNH	FE, RSPB, SWT, FC	*				1, 2, 3, 5
2.2. Ensure that appropriate visitor management is put in place to prevent damage to habitats and to prevent significant disturbance during the breeding period (mid-April to late July).	LL&TRS	SNH, RSPB	*	*			1, 2, 3, 5
2.3. Ensure no forestry operations are undertaken during the breeding season that would jeopardise capercaillie breeding success.	FE, FC	SNH, LO	*	*	*		1, 2, 3, 5,
2.4. Develop appropriate Site Management Statements, Management Plans and condition monitoring for woodland protected areas. In the main capercaillie areas, ensure management is appropriate to their needs.	SNH	FE, RSPB, NTS, WT, Cashel and LO	*				1, 2, 3
2.5. Ensure that all work under this Species Action Plan is furthered by the proposed National Park.	WWG	All	*				1, 2, 3, 4, 5
<b>3. Advisory</b>							
3.1. Distribute advice and material on forest management that will enhance the quality of habitat for capercaillie.	RSPB	SNH, FE, FR	*				1, 2, 4, 5
3.2. Ensure that deer fence removal or marking to minimise the risk of bird collisions is in line with emerging FC best practice.	FC	FE, LL&TRS, WT, RSPB, LO & DMG	*	*			1, 2, 3

3.3. Provide information to surrounding land owners and key stakeholders so that they are aware of the high conservation priority afforded to capercaillie.	RSPB	SNH, FC, BASC, LL&TRS	*	*			1, 2, 3, 5
<b>4. Research &amp; Monitoring</b>							
4.1 Continue and expand spring and brood monitoring of capercaillie.	SNH	SOC, FE, RSPB, LL&TRS	*	*	*	*	4
4.2. Continue to monitor fence lines where capercaillie and black grouse collision is a risk.	CSBG&CG	WT, FE, RSPB, NTS, WOSW and LO	*	*	*	*	4
4.3. Facilitate research on predator impacts on capercaillie, and on capercaillie abundance and distribution on east Loch Lomondside.	RSPB	FE, GU	*				1, 2, 3, 5
<b>5. Communications &amp; Publicity</b>							
5.1 Through production of a leaflet, press coverage, face to face contact with the public and by talks to interested parties, ensure that measures taken to protect capercaillie are fully understood, and that maximum support is gained for them.	SNH, RSPB	LL&TRS, FE, WT, RSPB, NTS, WOSW, LTFO, LO	*	*			1, 2, 3, 5
5.2. In the event of the re-scheduling of capercaillie, ensure that relevant staff and police are aware of the law on disturbance and that resources are available for appropriate enforcement.	SNH	LL&TRS, PWLO, BO FE, RSPB, BASC	*	*			1, 3, 5
<b>6. Plan Monitoring</b>							
6.1. Monitor and review the progress of this plan, and review actions and objectives in general annually and in detail, every five years.	Woodlands Group		*	*	*	*	All

**Abbreviations.**

BASC	British Association for Shooting and Conservation.
BTO	British Trust for Ornithology.
BO	Boat Operators.
CEH	Centre for Ecology and Hydrology.
CSBK&CG	Central Scotland Black Grouse and Capercaillie Group.
FC	Forestry Commission.
FE	Forest Enterprise.
FR	Forest Research.
GU	Glasgow University.
LL&TRS	Loch Lomond and Trossachs Ranger Service.
LO	Landowners.
LTFO	Local tourist facilities operators.
NTS	National Trust for Scotland.
PWLO	Police Wildlife Liaison Officer.
RSPB	Royal Society for the Protection of Birds.
SE	Scottish Executive.
SNH	Scottish Natural Heritage.
SOC	Scottish Ornithologists' Club.
SWT	Scottish Wildlife Trust.
WT	Woodland Trust Scotland.