

Sustainable Development Indicators

Stirling area

| Objective | Topic | No | Indicator |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|----|---|
| Climate Change | GHG emissions | 1 | Carbon dioxide emissions |
| | | 2 | Annual domestic energy consumption/household |
| | Energy/ Renewables | 3 | Output from approved renewable energy developments |
| | | 4 | Number of bus passengers/year |
| | Transport | 5 | Transport use - modal share |
| | | 6 | Travel to school |
| | Adaptation measures | 7 | Number of properties at risk from flooding |
| | | 8 | Number of new developments permitted within known flood risk areas |
| Sustainable Communities | Health | 9 | Potential life years lost a) men and b) women |
| | | 10 | Obesity rate (Body Mass Index) |
| | Social concern | 11 | Community connectivity: a) Number in the community actively volunteering b) Electoral turnout c) Number of active Community Councils |
| | | 12 | Crimes recorded: a) Violence b) Domestic housebreaking c) Theft from/of vehicle d) ASBOs issued |
| | | 13 | Number of homeless households |
| | | 14 | Number of actions delivered in response to Community Plans |
| | Economic opportunity | 15 | % working age population claiming key benefits |
| | | 16 | % children living in workless households |
| | | 17 | Gender difference in gross weekly earnings |
| | Learning | 18 | Eco-schools uptake and number of Green Flags |
| | | 19 | Educational attainment in secondary schools |
| | | 20 | 19 yr olds with level 2 qualifications and above |
| Consumption & Procurement | Construction | 21 | Recycled content in buildings |
| | | 22 | Area of brownfield & greenfield land developed |
| | | 23 | Number of Sustainable Urban Drainage Systems developed |
| | Waste | 24 | Total household waste arising |
| | | 25 | Total municipal solid waste collected |
| | | 26 | % of total household waste collected that is recycled or composted |
| | Resource use | 27 | Eco-footprint |
| Natural Resources | Air quality | 28 | Levels of key air pollutants: Nitrogen dioxide & Particulates |
| | River quality | 29 | Km identified as 'poor' or 'seriously polluted' |
| | Biodiversity | 30 | Management systems in place for 37 identified sites |
| | | 31 | Percentage area of land designated as Sites of Special Scientific Interest in favorable condition |
| | Environmental quality | 32 | Core Paths 'Ease of Use' surveys |
| | | 33 | Citizen satisfaction with the natural environment |

Stirling Council

| Objective | Topic | No | Indicator |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|--|---|
| Climate Change | GHG emissions | 1 | Carbon dioxide emissions |
| | | 2 | Energy Performance of Council Buildings (pending introduction of Scottish Executive requirements) |
| | 3 | % electricity from renewable resources | |
| | Transport | 4 | Employee travel to work - modal share |
| | | 5 | Average employee car miles travelled per work-day |
| | | 6 | Air miles travelled on Council business |
| Sustainable Communities | Health | 7 | Absence rates |
| | | 8 | Number of Occupational Health referrals |
| | Social concern | 9 | Accident rates |
| | Economic opportunity | 10 | Management positions analysed by gender |
| Consumption & Procurement | Waste | 11 | Waste arising from Viewforth complex |
| | | 12 | Waste collected from Viewforth complex for recycling |
| | Resource use | 13 | Paper use |
| | | 14 | Water use |
| | | 15 | Amount of Fairtrade products used in Viewforth catering |
| Natural Resources | Biodiversity | 16 | Number of native trees planted |
| | Environmental quality | 17 | Open space standards (under development) |